- 1. There is no one-to-one correspondence between the set of all positive integers and the set of all odd positive integers because the second set is a proper subset of the first. (True or False)
- 2. The solution to the recurrence relation:  $T(n) = 9T(\frac{n}{3}) + n^3$  with T(0) = T(1) = 1 is...
- 3. Given the recurrence relation

T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n with T(0) = 1, then T(n) =

4. Given the recurrence relation

$$T(n) = 4T(n/2) + n^2$$
 with  $T(0) = 1$ , then  $T(n) =$ 

5. What is the time complexity (in  $\Theta$  –notation) in terms of n? Sum = 0;

 $\begin{array}{l} for \;(\;i=0\;;\;i< n\;;\;i++\;)\\ for \;(\;j=1\;;\;j<\;n^4\;;\;j=4*j\;)\\ sum++; \end{array}$ 

6. What is the time complexity (in  $\Theta$  -notation) in terms of n? sum = 0; for (i = n; i \ge 1; i = i/2) for (j = 0; j < n4; j = j+2) sum++;

	relation	1	2	3	4	5	6
0	The relation $R$ on the set of all people where $aRb$ means that $a$ is younger than $b$	no	no	yes	yes	no	no
1	The relation <i>R</i> on the set of all real function $f:N \rightarrow R^+$ where <i>f R g if and</i> only if $f(n) = O(g(n))$						
2	The relation <i>R</i> on the set of all real function $f:N \rightarrow R^+$ where <i>f R g if and</i> only if $f(n) = \Theta(g(n))$						

Properties: (1) reflexive (2) symmetric (3) anti-symmetric (4) transitive (5) equivalence relation (6) partially ordered